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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5/A  
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-53258

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2005 AND ENDING 12/31/2005  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

**A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION**

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ING Direct Securities, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)  
ING DIRECT SECURITIES  
(No. and Street)  
1 S. ORANGE ST., WILMINGTON, DE, 19801  
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT  
TENZING DECK 302-255-3112  
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

**B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

KPMG, LLP.  
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)  
1601 MARKET ST, PHILA. PA, 19103  
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant  
☐ Public Accountant  
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, TENZING DECK, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC., as of DECEMBER 31, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

T. Deck  
Signature

PRESIDENT  
Title

Jennifer A. Papillo  
Notary Public

JENNIFER A. PAPILO  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
STATE OF DELAWARE  
My Commission Expires Jan. 28, 2009

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



KPMG LLP  
1601 Market Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2499

## Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors  
ING DIRECT Securities, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ING DIRECT Securities, Inc. (a Delaware Corporation) as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ING DIRECT Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

February 23, 2006

**ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.**

**Statement of Financial Condition**

**December 31, 2005**

**Assets**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	487,709
Intercompany income tax receivable		169,395
Other assets		<u>198,903</u>
Total assets	\$	<u><u>856,007</u></u>

**Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity**

Liabilities:		
Accounts payable – affiliate	\$	<u>229,936</u>
Total liabilities		<u>229,936</u>
Stockholder's equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; issued and outstanding 3,000 shares		30
Additional paid-in capital		1,486,951
Accumulated deficit		<u>(860,910)</u>
Total stockholder's equity		<u>626,071</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	<u><u>856,007</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.**

**Statement of Operations**

**Year ended December 31, 2005**

Revenue:	
Affiliate commissions	\$ 784,039
	<u>784,039</u>
Expenses:	
Affiliate charges	<u>899,054</u>
	<u>899,054</u>
Net loss before income taxes	(115,015)
Income tax benefit	<u>40,255</u>
Net loss	\$ <u><u>(74,760)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.**  
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity  
Year ended December 31, 2005

		<u>Common stock</u>	<u>Additional paid-in capital</u>	<u>Accumulated deficit</u>	<u>Total stockholder's equity</u>
Balance, December 31, 2004	\$	30	1,486,951	(786,150)	700,831
Net loss		—	—	(74,760)	(74,760)
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$	<u>30</u>	<u>1,486,951</u>	<u>(860,910)</u>	<u>626,071</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.**

**Statement of Cash Flows**

**Year ended December 31, 2005**

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (74,760)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in other assets	(87,426)
Decrease in intercompany tax receivable	253,918
Increase in accounts payable – affiliate	14,009
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>105,741</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	105,741
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>381,968</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u><u>\$ 487,709</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.

### Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

ING DIRECT Securities, Inc. (the Company) is a broker and dealer of securities and distributor of mutual funds of affiliates. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of ING USA Holding Corporation (the Corporation), which in turn is an indirect subsidiary of ING Group N.V. Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires broker-dealers to file a complete set of financial statements with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission).

##### (a) *Basis of Presentation*

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company. Such statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

##### (b) *Affiliate Commissions*

The Company earns commissions for certain services provided, based on arrangements with affiliates of ING Group, N.V. Amounts earned are paid quarterly.

##### (c) *Income Taxes*

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return with the Corporation and, pursuant to a tax-sharing agreement, the amount of income tax expense or benefit is computed and allocated on a separate-return basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is established against net deferred tax assets, when, in the judgment of management, it is more likely than not that such net deferred tax assets will not become realizable.

##### (d) *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (2) Net Capital

The Company, as a registered broker and dealer in securities, is subject to the Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1).

Under the computation provided by Rule 15c3-1, the Company is required to maintain "net capital" equal to the greater of \$25,000 or 6-2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness." Rule 15c3-1 also requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, as those terms are defined in the Rule, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the Company had a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of approximately 1.3 to 1 and a net capital requirement of \$25,000. Aggregate indebtedness and net capital, as defined, were \$229,936 and \$257,773, respectively, at December 31, 2005.



# ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

### (3) Exemptive Provisions

The Company carries no margin accounts and does not otherwise hold customer funds or securities, and therefore is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3 under Section k(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3.

### (4) Related Parties

ING Bank, fsb, an affiliated entity, provides bookkeeping and certain other operating services under the terms of an Amended Administrative Services Agreement dated February 16, 2005. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company incurred costs to ING Bank, fsb for services totaling \$899,054. Of this amount, \$669,118 was paid to ING Bank in 2005. At year-end 2005, \$229,936 was accrued for by the Company and is represented as a payable in the statement of financial condition.

All commissions earned and received by the Company are from subsidiaries of ING Group, N.V.

### (5) Income Taxes

Components of income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Federal:	
Current	\$ (40,255)
Deferred	<u>—</u>
	<u>(40,255)</u>
State:	
Current	<u>—</u>
Deferred	<u>—</u>
	<u>—</u>
Total income tax benefit	<u>\$ (40,255)</u>

The income tax benefit of \$40,255 agrees to the amount expected at the federal statutory rate of 35%. However, no state income tax benefit has been recorded due to uncertainty as to its realization.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company has \$169,395 of intercompany income tax receivables from the Corporation representing the recognition of separate company net operating losses in accordance with the intercompany tax-sharing agreement.

There are no significant deferred tax assets or liabilities of the Company as of December 31, 2005.

## Schedule 1

## ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.

## Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2005

Aggregate indebtedness:	
Accounts payable – affiliate	\$ 229,936
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 229,936</u>
Net capital:	
Net worth:	
Common stock	\$ 30
Paid-in capital	1,486,951
Accumulated deficit	<u>(860,910)</u>
Total net worth and allowable liabilities	<u>626,071</u>
Deduct:	
Nonallowable assets:	
Intercompany tax related receivable	169,395
Other assets	<u>198,903</u>
	<u>368,298</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	<u>257,773</u>
Haircuts and undue concentration on securities computed pursuant to Rule 15c3-1:	
Trading and investment securities	<u>—</u>
Net capital	<u>257,773</u>
Minimum capital required to be maintained	
(\$25,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$229,936)	<u>25,000</u>
Net capital in excess of requirements	<u>\$ 232,773</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>89.2%</u>

The above computation does not differ materially from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2005, filed by ING DIRECT Securities, Inc. with the National Association of Securities Dealers on January 19, 2006.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



KPMG LLP  
1601 Market Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2499

## **Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule 17a-5**

The Board of Directors  
ING DIRECT Securities, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of ING DIRECT Securities, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customer as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the board of directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

February 23, 2006



**ING DIRECT SECURITIES, INC.**

Financial Statements and Schedule

December 31, 2005

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)